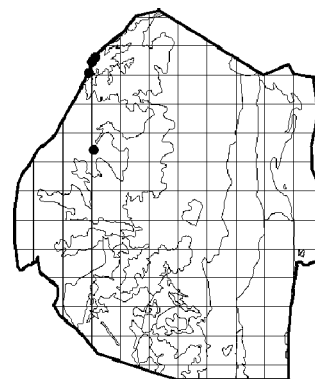
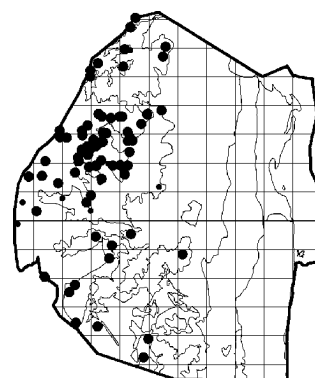


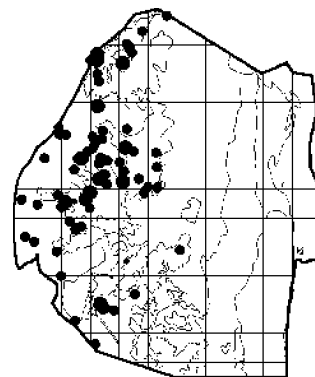
PTERIDOPHYTES

CYATHEACEAE

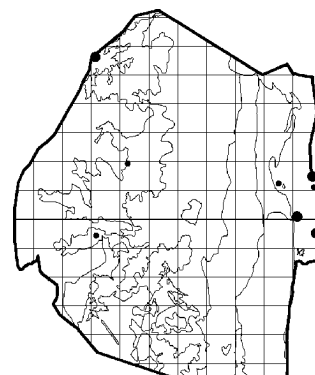
Cyathea capensis (L.f.) Sm.*Alsophila capensis***Common name:** Forest Tree Fern**Siswati name:** inKhomankhoma, imPimpiliza**Distribution:** Isolated patches in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Usually in deep shade along streams and seepage areas in afro-montane forest and forested ravines.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Cyathea dregei** Kunze*Alsophila dregei***Common name:** Grassland Tree Fern**Siswati name:** inKhomankhoma, imPimpiliza**Distribution:** Widespread in the west, with patches in central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along mountain streams and seepage areas in grassland, on the margins of evergreen forest, and in forested ravines.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** Collected frequently from the wild as garden subjects.

GYMNOSPERMS

PINACEAE

Pinus sp.*Common name:** Pine Tree**Distribution:** Widespread in the west and scattered in central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Grassland, verges of industrial timber plantations, forest clearings, along watercourses, in urban areas, and wooded grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**General:** Mainly propagated for timber and firewood. Seeds germinate easily in cool, moist soil, subsequently invading natural areas.

PODOCARPACEAE

Podocarpus falcatus (Thunb.) R.Br. ex Mirb.**Common name:** Small-leaved Yellowwood, Outeniqua Yellowwood**Siswati name:** umSontsi**Voucher specimen(s):** 1018**Distribution:** Scattered in the Lebombo Range, with patches in central-western Swaziland and at Devils Bridge in the northwest.**Abundance:** Common to rare.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest and forested ravines.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

Podocarpus latifolius (Thunb.) R.Br. ex Mirb.

Common name: Broad-leaved Yellowwood, Real Yellowwood

Siswati name: umSontsi

Voucher specimen(s): 285

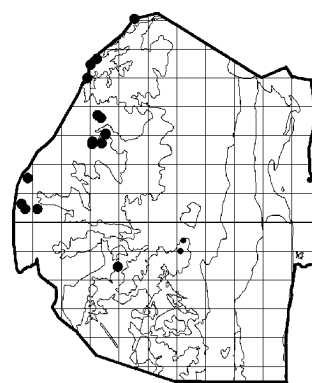
Distribution: Scattered in the west, with patches in central Swaziland and in Manzimnyame Gorge on the Lebombo Range.

Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Evergreen forest and among rocky outcrops in grassland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*



ZAMIACEAE

Encephalartos aplanatus Vorster

Voucher specimen(s): 1001, 1014, 1019

Distribution: Widespread in the Lebombo Mountains.

Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Lebombo forest.

Land tenure: SNL and TDL.

Conservation Status: *Endangered.*

General: A near endemic (B2) and a representative endemic/near-endemic to the Barberton Centre of Plant Diversity (Van Wyk & Smith, 2001). *Threatened* by illegal collectors. This taxon could intergrade and be conspecific with *E. villosus*. More research is required to substantiate this.

Encephalartos heenanii R.A.Dyer

Common name: Woolly Cycad

Siswati name: siJekwane, liGibeleweni, Mayiphuku, Lisitsa

Distribution: Isolated patches in northwestern Swaziland.

Abundance: Rare.

Habitat: Rocky ridges on steep mountain slopes and in montane grassland.

Land tenure: TDL and PA.

Conservation Status: *Critically Endangered.*

General: A near endemic (B2). *Threatened* by illegal collectors. A representative endemic/near-endemic to the Barberton Centre of Plant Diversity (Van Wyk & Smith, 2001). Species numbers in the wild have dropped dramatically from 100 plants in 1985 to 20 in 1999. No recruitment appears to be taking place in these areas. A few years ago, this species was also found in a protected area in Swaziland but in very small numbers (Dlamini & Dlamini, 2002). Present records are now known mainly from species in cultivation.

Encephalartos laevifolius Stapf & Burt Davy

Common name: Kaapsehoop Cycad

Siswati name: siJekwane, liGibeleweni, Mayiphuku, Lisitsa

Distribution: Isolated patches in Malolotja Nature Reserve in northwestern Swaziland.

Abundance: Rare to common.

Habitat: Montane grassland.

Land tenure: PA.

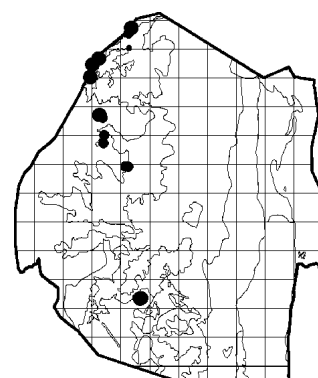
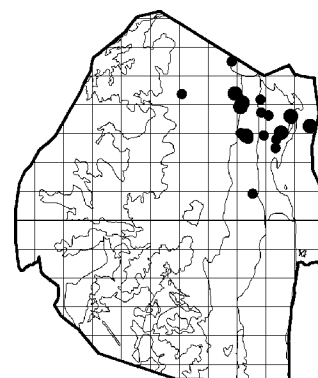
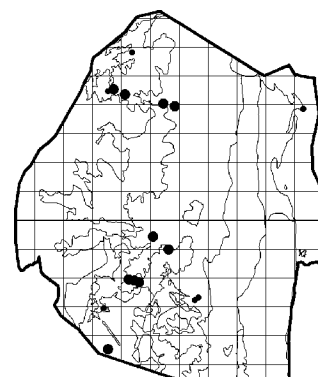
Conservation Status: *Critically Endangered.*

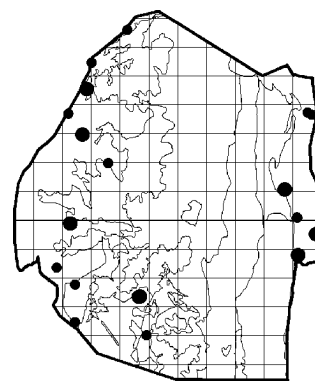
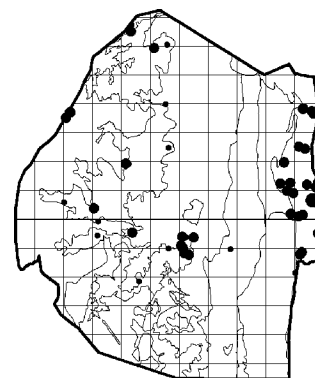
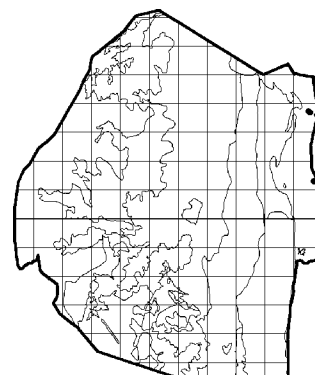
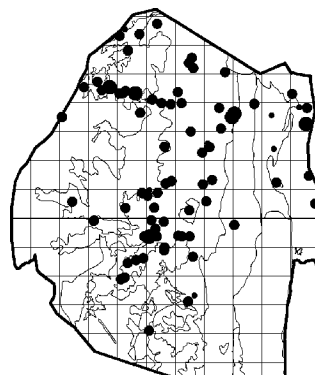
General: A near endemic (B2). *Threatened* by illegal collectors. A representative endemic/near-endemic to the Barberton Centre of Plant Diversity (Van Wyk & Smith, 2001). In Swaziland, the effects of a pathogen are evident (Dlamini & Dlamini, 2002).

Encephalartos lebomboensis I. Verd.**Common name:** Lebombo Cycad**Siswati name:** siJekwane, liGibeleweni**Distribution:** Isolated patches near Mananga in northeastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Cliff faces and rocky outcrops in Lebombo bushveld.**Land tenure:** TDL.**Conservation Status:** *Endangered*.**General:** *Threatened* by illegal collectors, suffering a 25% decline in population numbers over the last twenty years (Dlamini & Dlamini, 2002). This species is variable with two distinct forms. The Mananga form, which occurs in the northeast, has wider leaflets than that of its Piet-Retief relative, and is very similar to *E. senticosus* if seen without the cones.**Encephalartos paucidentatus** Stapf & Burtt Davy**Common name:** Barberton Cycad**Siswati name:** siJekwane, liGebeleweni, Mayiphuku, Lisitsa**Distribution:** Isolated patches in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to rare.**Habitat:** In evergreen forest and on steep grassy mountainsides.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Vulnerable*.**General:** A near endemic (B2) and a representative endemic/near-endemic to the Barberton Centre of Plant Diversity (Van Wyk & Smith, 2001). *Threatened* by illegal collectors.**Encephalartos senticosus** Vorster**Common name:** Lebombo Cycad**Siswati name:** Gibeleveni, siJekwane**Distribution:** Isolated patches south of Siteki on the Lebombo Mountains.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Cliff faces and rocky outcrops in Lebombo bushveld.**Land tenure:** TDL and SNL.**Conservation Status:** *Vulnerable*.**General:** *Threatened* by illegal collectors. It is a representative endemic/near-endemic to the Maputaland Centre of Plant Diversity (Van Wyk & Smith, 2001).**Encephalartos umbeluziensis** R.A. Dyer*E. straitus***Siswati name:** Siphezane, Gebelweni**Distribution:** Restricted to the Umbeluzi Gorge in northeastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Shady places in or on the edges of Androstachys forest.**Land tenure:** PA.**Conservation Status:** *Critically Endangered*.**General:** A near endemic (B2) and a representative endemic/near-endemic to the Barberton Centre of Plant Diversity (Van Wyk & Smith, 2001). *Threatened* by illegal collectors. A massive decline of more than 80% has been noted in wild populations over the last 10 years (Dlamini & Dlamini, 2002). The trunk is used for various medicinal drugs.**Encephalartos villosus** Lem.**Common name:** Poor Man's Cycad, Ground Cycad.**Siswati name:** siJekwane, Mayiphuku, Lisitsa, Gibeleveni**Distribution:** Isolated patches in the Lebombo Mountains.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Lebombo forest.**Land tenure:** SNL.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** *Threatened* by illegal collectors.This taxon could intergrade and be conspecific with *E. aplanatus*. More research is required to substantiate this.

DICOTYLEDONS

ACANTHACEAE

Justicia campylostemon (Nees) T.Anderson**Common name:** Honey Justicia**Voucher specimen(s):** 153**Distribution:** Scattered in northwestern Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Abundant to common.**Habitat:** Understorey of evergreen forest, usually near water.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***Mackaya bella** Harv.**Common name:** Forest Bell bush, River Bells**Siswati name:** umZwatsi**Distribution:** Scattered in northwestern Swaziland, with an isolated patch in Hlatikulu Forest in the south.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Understorey of evergreen forest and along mountain stream banks.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***Metarungia longistrobus** (C.B.Clarke) Baden*Macrorungia longistrobus***Common name:** Metarungia, Orange-lips**Distribution:** Scattered in northeastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Low-lying riverine thicket, bushveld, and woodland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***Ruttya ovata** Harv.**Common name:** Ruttya**Voucher specimen(s):** 703**Distribution:** Scattered in northern and central-western Swaziland, with a patch at Shewula on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, riverine thicket, and along forest margins at medium altitude.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.*

Sclerochiton harveyanus Nees**Common name:** Blue-lips**Siswati name:** Mazabuka**Distribution:** Scattered in western Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Understorey and along the margins of evergreen forest.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**ANACARDIACEAE****Harpephyllum caffrum** Bernh.**Common name:** Wild Plum**Siswati name:** umGwenya, umGweny'obovu, Umgonyogonyo**Distribution:** Widespread on the Lebombo Range and scattered in central and northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest, riverine vegetation, wooded ravines, and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots and bark are used for treating menstrual problems. The wood is used for fuel and the fruit is eaten locally.**Lanea antiscorbutica** (Hiern) Engl.**Common name:** Pink-haired Lannea, Sand False-marula**Siswati name:** Bulibati umGabunkomo**Voucher specimen(s):** 658, 794**Distribution:** Restricted to the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Rare.**Habitat:** Dry Lebombo forest and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Endangered*.**General:** The roots are used to protect homesteads from witchcraft.**Lanea discolor** (Sond.) Engl.**Common name:** Live-long**Siswati name:** siGanganyane, umnTfokolovo**Distribution:** Widespread in central and northern Swaziland and scattered in the east.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Bushveld and woodland. Often on rocky ridges.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The bark and roots are used to treat bladder and bowel ailments, for vomiting, and treating female sterility. The fruit is eaten locally.

Lannea edulis (Sond.) Engl. var. **edulis**

Odina edulis

Common name: Wild Grape

Siswati name: umGabunkhomo, Tintfokolovu

Distribution: Fairly widespread in western and central Swaziland, with patches on the Lebombo Range.

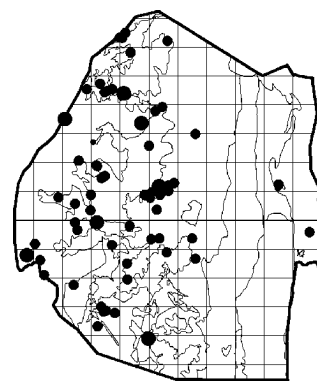
Abundance: Common to abundant.

Habitat: Bushveld, grassland, rocky mountainsides, and wooded grassland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: The roots are used for treating female sterility and as a diuretic in livestock.



Ozoroa engleri R. & A.Fern.

Common name: White Resin Tree, Drooping Resin-tree

Siswati name: imFuce lemhlophe

Distribution: Widespread throughout eastern Swaziland.

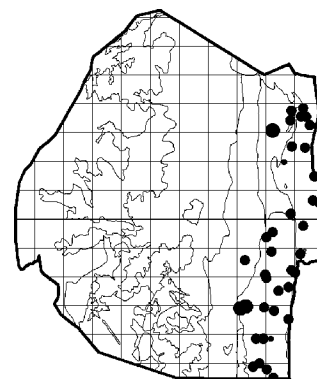
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Dry thicket, woodland, and bushveld, often on rocky soils.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: The bark is used for steaming and inhaling.



Ozoroa sphaerocarpa R. & A.Fern.

Common name: Currant Resin Tree

Siswati name: imFuce lemnyama

Voucher specimen(s): 861

Distribution: Scattered throughout most of Swaziland.

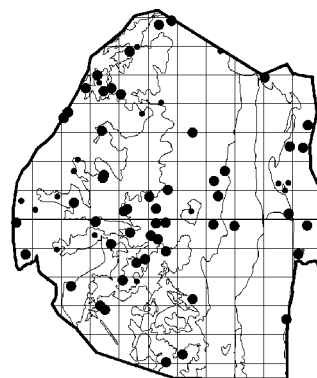
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Bushveld, woodland, and rocky slopes in wooded grassland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: The bark is used to treat high blood pressure.



Protorhus longifolia (Bernh.) Engl.

Rhus longifolia

Common name: Red Beech

Siswati name: imFuce, Ndiyaza

Distribution: Scattered in western and central Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.

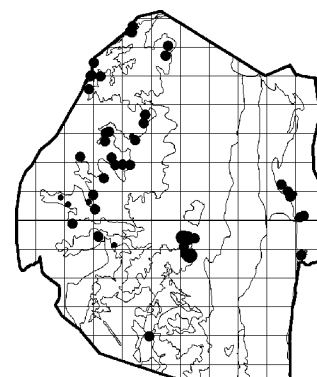
Abundance: Common.

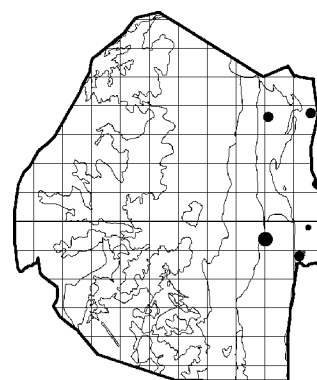
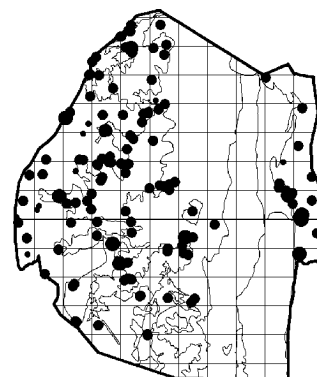
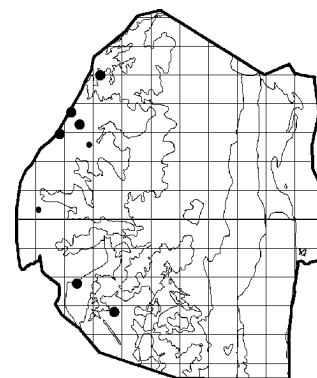
Habitat: In and along the margins of forest and riverine vegetation.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: It is used as a lightning conductor.



Rhus Taxon C**Voucher specimen(s):** 207, 670, 988, 1013**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in eastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld and along the fringes of dry forest.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** It is still being debated whether or not this is a distinct species.Moffet (1993) reasons that it could be a natural hybrid between *R. pentheri* and *R. leptodictya*.**Rhus chirindensis** Baker f.*R. legatii***Common name:** Red Currant**Siswati name:** inHlangushane lenkhulu**Distribution:** Widespread in western and central Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** In and along the margins of forest, open bushveld, riverine vegetation, and on rocky hillsides.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used as a base ingredient for medicine.**Rhus dentata** Thunb.**Common name:** Nana-berry**Siswati name:** inHlangushane**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Among rocky outcrops in grassland, along stream banks, and on forest margins.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Rhus discolor** E.Mey. ex Sond.**Common name:** Grassveld Currant**Siswati name:** inHlangushane**Voucher specimen(s):** 881**Distribution:** Isolated patches at Ngwenya North and Usuthu Forest in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to rare.**Habitat:** On rocky outcrops in grassland.**Land tenure:** TDL and SNL.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

Rhus gerrardii (Harv. ex Engl.) Diels

R. montana

Common name: River Currant

Voucher specimen(s): 304

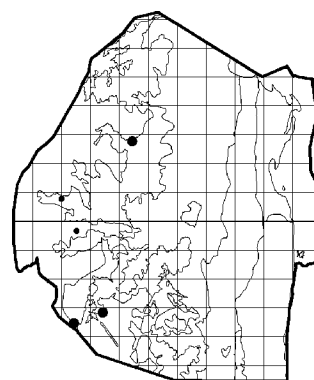
Distribution: Sparsely scattered in central-western and southwestern Swaziland.

Abundance: Common to rare.

Habitat: Along perennial stream and river banks at medium altitude.

Land tenure: TDL and SNL.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*



Rhus grandidens Harv. ex Engl.

R. galpinii

Common name: Sharp-toothed Currant

Voucher specimen(s): 250, 328, 765, 1022

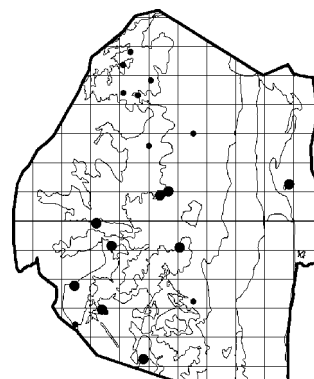
Distribution: Scattered in central, northwestern, and southwestern Swaziland, with an isolated patch near Siteki in the Lebombo Range.

Abundance: Common to rare.

Habitat: Bushveld, forest margins, and wooded grassland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*



Rhus gueinzii Sond.

R. simii, R. spinescens

Common name: Thorny Karee

Siswati name: inHlangushane

Voucher specimen(s): 480, 490, 738

Distribution: Widespread in eastern and central Swaziland, with patches in the northwest.

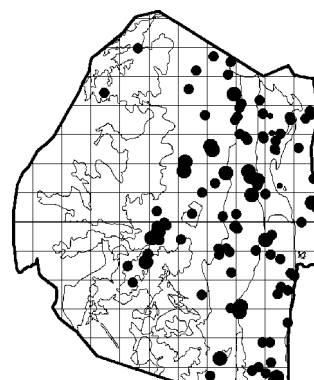
Abundance: Common to abundant.

Habitat: Bushveld, thicket, and riverine vegetation. Often on termitaria.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: The fruit is eaten locally.



Rhus harveyi Moffett

Common name: Harvey's Currant

Siswati name: inHlangushane

Voucher specimen(s): 630, 754

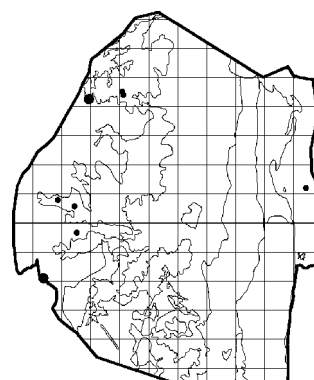
Distribution: Sparsely scattered in western Swaziland, with an isolated patch near Mnyame Gorge in the Lebombo Range.

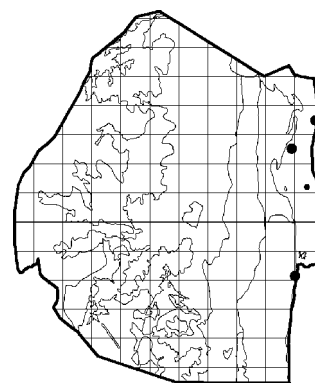
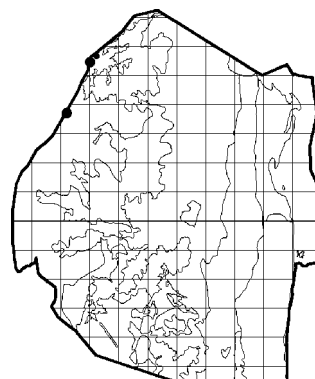
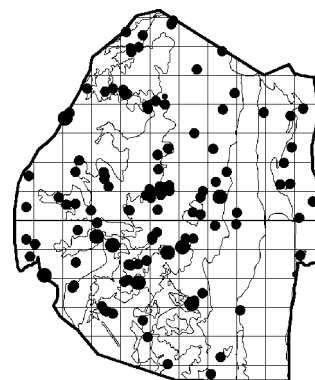
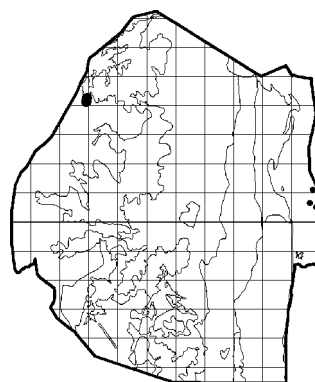
Abundance: Rare to common.

Habitat: Rocky outcrops on grassy hillsides.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*



Rhus leptodictya Diels*R. amerina*, *R. rhombocarpa*, *R. gueinzii***Common name:** Mountain Karee**Siswati name:** inHlangushane**Voucher specimen(s):** 512**Distribution:** Scattered on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Rocky slopes and hillsides in Lebombo bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Rhus lucida** L. forma **lucida****Common name:** Glossy Currant, Waxy Currant**Voucher specimen(s):** 463**Distribution:** Restricted to northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** In and along the margins of evergreen forest and on wooded hillsides.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Rhus pentheri** Zahlbr.*R. cuneata***Common name:** Common Crow-berry**Siswati name:** inHlangushane, Sitsatsatsa**Voucher specimen(s):** 258, 519**Distribution:** Fairly widespread throughout most of Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, wooded grassland, riverine vegetation, on rocky hillsides, and along forest margins.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The branches are used for firewood.**Rhus pondoensis** Schönland**Common name:** Many-veined Currant**Siswati name:** inHlangushane**Voucher specimen(s):** 198, 491**Distribution:** Isolated patches in Malotja Nature Reserve in northwest Swaziland and near Mhlababomvu Ridge in the Lebombo Mountains.**Abundance:** Rare.**Habitat:** On rocky slopes in grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

Rhus pyroides Burch. var. **gracilis** (Engl.) Burt Davy

R. pyroides var. *integrifolia*, *R. fraseri*, *R. intermedia*, *R. microcarpa*

Common name: Mountain Currant

Siswati name: inHlangushane

Voucher specimen(s): 797, 1023

Distribution: Scattered in western and central Swaziland.

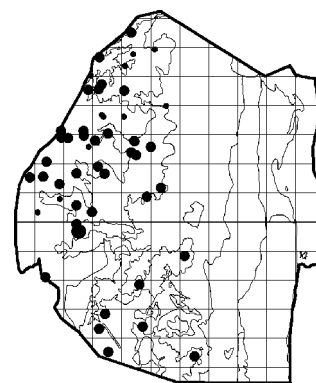
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Grassland, wooded grassland, forest margins, riverine vegetation, and rocky hillsides.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

General: The fruit is eaten locally.



Rhus pyroides Burch. var. **pyroides**

R. baurii

Common name: Common Wild Currant

Siswati name: inHlangushane

Voucher specimen(s): 806

Distribution: Scattered in northern, central, and eastern Swaziland.

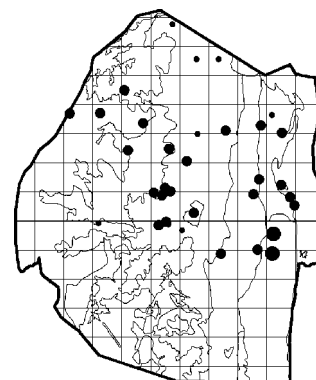
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Bushveld, forest margins, riverine vegetation, wooded grassland, and woodland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

General: The fruit is eaten locally.



Rhus rehmanniana Engl. var. **rehmanniana**

Common name: Blunt-leaved Currant

Siswati name: inHlangushane

Voucher specimen(s): 809

Distribution: Fairly widespread throughout most of Swaziland.

Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Bushveld, grassland, wooded grassland, forest margins, and riverine vegetation.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

General: This species is variable, with differing leaf shape and growth habit.

Two varieties are known to occur in Swaziland, *R. rehmanniana* var. *glabrata* and *R. rehmanniana* var. *rehmanniana*.



Rhus rigida Mill. var. **margaretae** Burt Davy ex Moffett

Common name: Margaret's Rock Currant

Siswati name: inHlangushane

Voucher specimen(s): 882, 927

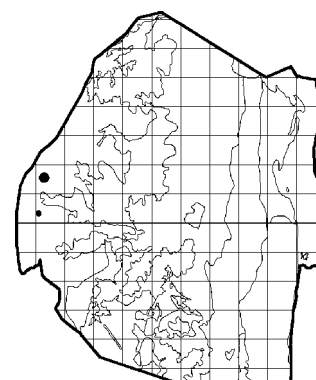
Distribution: Isolated patches in western Swaziland near the Sandlane Border Post and near Usuthu Forest.

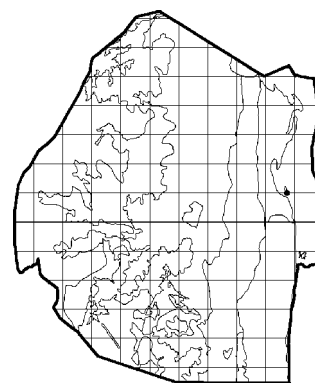
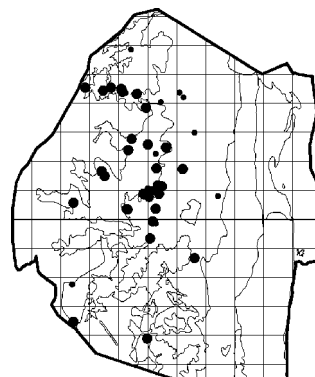
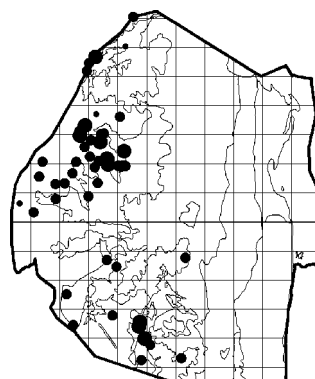
Abundance: Common to rare.

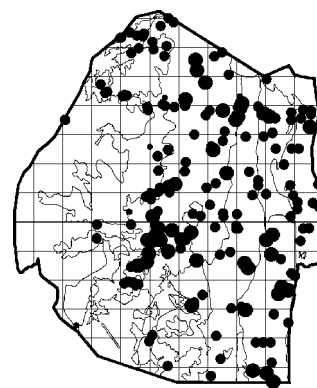
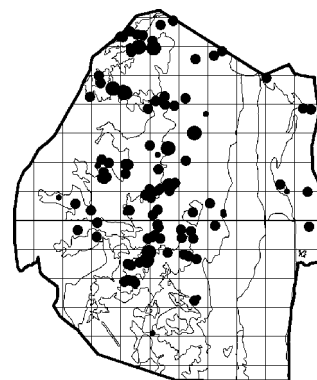
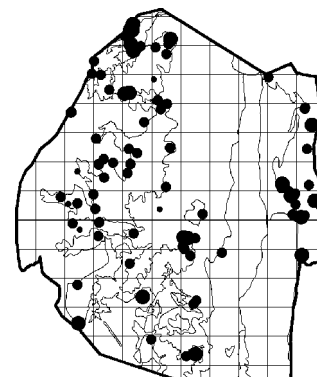
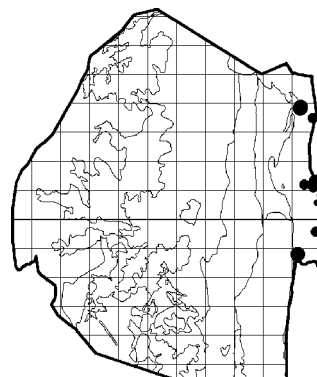
Habitat: On rocky outcrops in grassland.

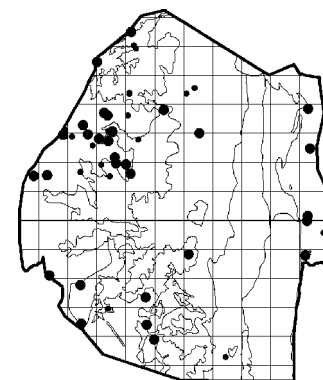
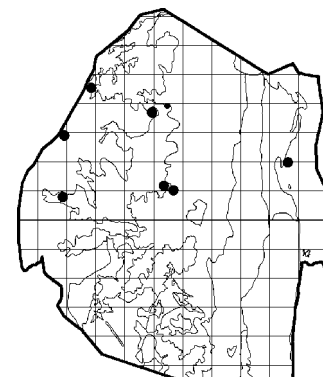
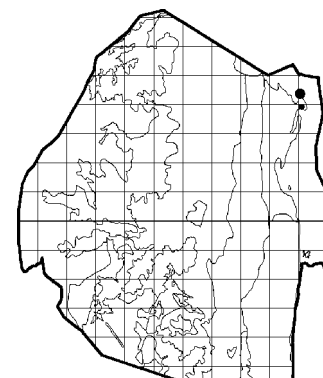
Land tenure: TDL.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

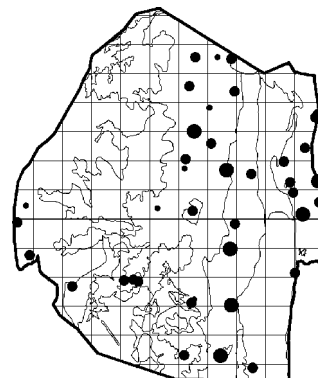
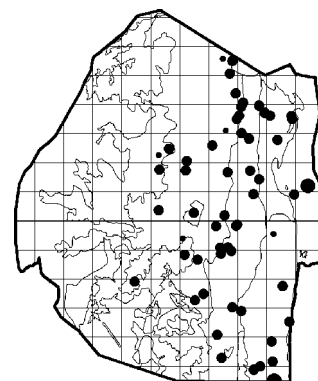
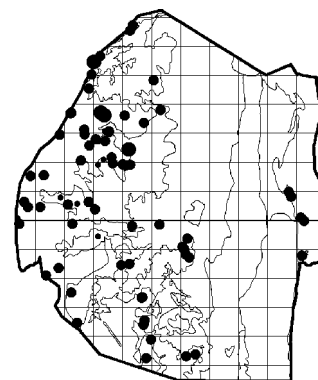


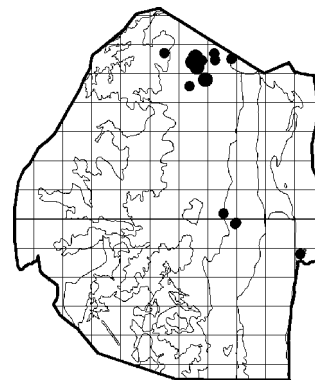
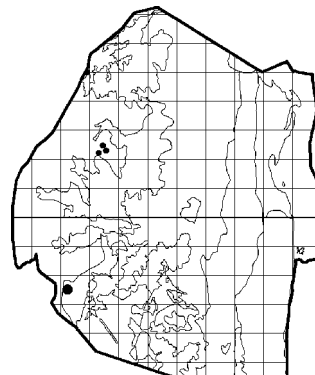
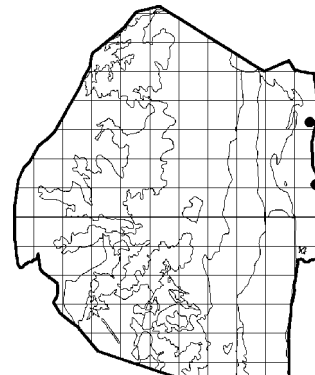
Rhus rogersii Schönland*R. dentata* var. *truncata***Common name:** Rogers Currant**Siswati name:** inHlangushane**Distribution:** Isolated patch at Muti-muti Nature Reserve on the Lebombo Mountains.**Abundance:** Rare.**Habitat:** Rocky outcrops in grassland on the Lebombo Plateau.**Land tenure:** PA.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** It is probably more widespread on the Lebombo Mountains and needs further investigation.**Rhus transvaalensis** Engl.**Common name:** Transvaal Currant**Siswati name:** inHlangushane**Voucher specimen(s):** 299, 365, 384**Distribution:** Scattered in central and northwestern Swaziland, with patches in the southwest.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Open bushveld, wooded grassland, grassland, forest margins, and along streams and rivers at medium altitude.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** A near endemic (B3). The fruit is eaten locally.**Rhus tumulicola** S.Moore var. *meeuseana* (R. & A. Fern.) Moffett forma *meeuseana***Common name:** Velvet Dwarf Currant**Siswati name:** inHlangushane**Voucher specimen(s):** 742**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** On rocky outcrops in grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** A near endemic (B2).**Rhus tumulicola** S.Moore var. *tumulicola**R. dura***Common name:** Hard-leaved Currant**Siswati name:** inHlangushane**Voucher specimen(s):** 551**Distribution:** Widespread in the west, with patches in southern-central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Among rocky outcrops in grassland and on forest margins.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** A near endemic (B2).

Sclerocarya birrea (A.Rich.) Hochst. subsp. **caffra** (Sond.) Kokwaro*S. caffra***Common name:** Marula**Siswati name:** umGanu**Distribution:** Widespread in eastern, central, and northern Swaziland, with patches in the west.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Bushveld, woodland, and thicket.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** A very productive tree. The fruit is used locally and commercially for making jelly and beer. The bark is used for medicinal purposes. Mature trees are frequently left in fields for shade and food.**ANNONACEAE****Annona senegalensis** Pers. subsp. **senegalensis***A. chrysophylla***Common name:** Wild Custard-apple**Siswati name:** umTelemba, Pofugwane**Distribution:** Widespread in northern and central Swaziland, with patches on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, wooded grassland, riverine vegetation, and woodland. Often on rocky outcrops.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The fruit is eaten locally; the bark is used for sealing wounds.**Monanthotaxis caffra** (Sond.) Verdc.*Popowia caffra***Common name:** Dwaba-berry**Siswati name:** siTitane, maSweleti, maSweti**Voucher specimen(s):** 987**Distribution:** Widespread in western and central Swaziland and along the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Forest understorey, bushveld, riverine thicket, and wooded ravines.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used to treat psychosis and for deworming.**Uvaria caffra** E.Mey. ex Sond.**Common name:** Small-fruit Cluster-pear**Siswati name:** maSweti, Umtitane**Voucher specimen(s):** 59**Distribution:** Scattered on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** In and along the margins of Lebombo forest and Androstachys thicket.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used to treat chest pains.

Uvaria lucida Benth. subsp. *virens* (N.E.Br.) Verdc.*U. virens***Common name:** Large-fruit Cluster-pear**Siswati name:** maSweti**Voucher specimen(s):** 46, 660**Distribution:** Widespread on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** In Lebombo forest and *Androstachys* thicket.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**APIACEAE****Heteromorpha arborescens** (Spreng.) Cham. & Schtdl. var. *abyssinica* (A.Rich.) H.Wolff*H. trifoliata*, *H. abyssinica***Common name:** Peeling-bark Parsley Tree**Siswati name:** umBangandlala, imVusankunzi, Umjumbula**Distribution:** Scattered in north-western, central, and south-western Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Wooded grassland, rocky outcrops, along forest fringes, and in bushveld. Often near streams.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used to help with weight gain in children.**Heteromorpha involuocrata** Conrath**Voucher specimen(s):** 822, 865, 880**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in northwestern and central Swaziland and at Mahuku on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Grassland, wooded grassland, and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** This species is very variable with several different forms. Specimens from the upper Komati River Catchment are entirely smooth and hairless.**Steganotaenia araliacea** Hochst. var. *araliacea***Common name:** Carrot-tree**Distribution:** Restricted to northeastern Swaziland on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common to rare.**Habitat:** Rocky ridges in Lebombo bushveld.**Land tenure:** SNL and PA.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The bark and roots are used to help win law cases.

APOCYNACEAE

Acokanthera oppositifolia (Lam.) Codd*A. venenata***Common name:** Bushman's Poison**Siswati name:** Mutsimulisa, luZekwa, Inhlanguyane, Umhlahahliso, inHlungunyembe**Voucher specimen(s):** 55, 945**Distribution:** Scattered in central, eastern and western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Bushveld, thicket, riverine bush, and among rocky outcrops in wooded grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***General:** The roots are used during dog hunts and all parts of the plant are used for treating earache.**Acokanthera rotundata** (Codd) Kupicha*A. schimperi* var. *rotundata***Common name:** Round-leaved Poison-bush**Siswati name:** inHlungunyembe**Voucher specimen(s):** 706, 928, 1059**Distribution:** Isolated patches at Hluti and Ngudzeni in southern Swaziland and near Sandlane Border Post in the west.**Abundance:** Common to rare.**Habitat:** On rocky outcrops in wooded grassland and in moist bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***Carissa bispinosa** (L.) Desf. ex Brenan subsp. **bispinosa***C. bispinosa*, *C. cordata***Common name:** Common Num-num**Siswati name:** umVusankunzi, umBethankunzi**Voucher specimen(s):** 936**Distribution:** Widespread in eastern and central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, thicket, and riverine bush. Often in hot and dry areas.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***General:** The roots are used for medicinal purposes.**Carissa bispinosa** (L.) Desf. ex Brenan subsp. **zambesiensis** Kupicha*C. bispinosa* var. *acuminata***Common name:** Forest Num-num**Siswati name:** umVusankunzi, umBethankunzi**Voucher specimen(s):** 1024**Distribution:** Widespread in the west, with patches in central and southern Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** In and on the margins of evergreen forest and riverine vegetation. Usually in moist, shady areas.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.*

Carissa tetramera (Sacleux) Stapf**Common name:** Sand Num-num**Siswati name:** Lucondvo, umVusankunzi**Voucher specimen(s):** 358**Distribution:** Scattered in the north, with isolated patches at Mkhaya Game Reserve in central-eastern Swaziland and near Mambane on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Woodland, bushveld, and riverine thicket.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Gonioma kamassi** E.Mey.**Common name:** Kamassi**Voucher specimen(s):** 641**Distribution:** Isolated patches in central-western Swaziland, in Malolotja Nature Reserve in the northwest, and near Gege in the southwest.**Abundance:** Rare to common.**Habitat:** Among rocky outcrops and koppies in grassland, wooded areas along mountain streams, and in afro-montane forest.**Land tenure:** SNL and PA.**Conservation Status:** *Near Threatened*.**General:** A near endemic (B3).**Landolphia kirkii** Dyer**Common name:** Sand Apricot, Rubber Vine**Distribution:** Isolated patches in Mlawula Nature Reserve and Mnyame Gorge on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Rocky outcrops in Lebombo forest.**Land tenure:** TDL and PA.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Oncinotis tenuiloba** Stapf*O. chirindica, O. inandensis, O. natalensis***Common name:** Magic Rope**Distribution:** Isolated patches in the northwest, on the Mdzimba Mountains in central-western Swaziland, and Jilobi forest on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest, often near water.**Land tenure:** SNL and TDL.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

Pachypodium saundersii N.E.Br.

Common name: Kudu Lily

Siswati name: Sisila-semphala, Nunankulu wemanyeva, liGubaguba

Distribution: Scattered on the Lebombo Range, with a patch near Bovane in central-eastern Swaziland.

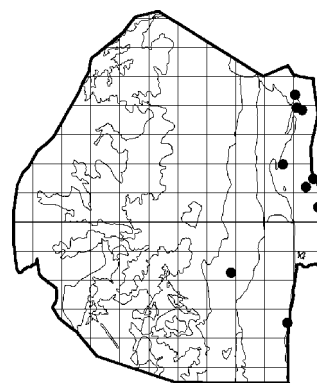
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: On rocky ridges in dry bushveld.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: The bulb is used to treat toothache.



Rauvolfia caffra Sond.

Common name: Quinine Tree

Siswati name: Umkhamamasi, umFomamasi

Distribution: Scattered in northwestern, central-western, and southwestern Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.

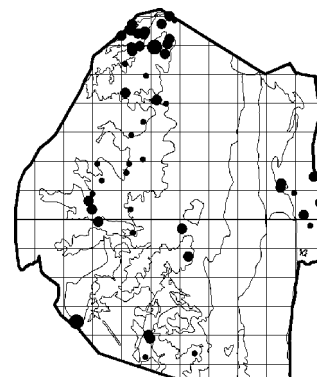
Abundance: Common to rare.

Habitat: Forest, riparian forest, wooded areas along rivers, and in bushveld.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: The bark is used to treat cholera and for deworming.



Secamone alpini Schult.

Common name: Russet Secamone

Distribution: Isolated patch in Malolotja Nature Reserve in northwestern Swaziland.

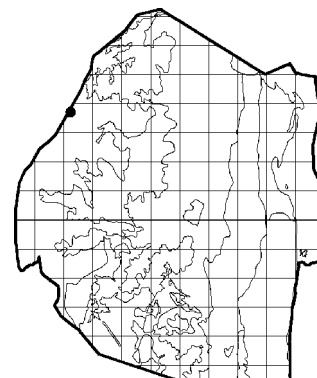
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Wooded ravine.

Land tenure: PA.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: This species is probably more widespread and needs further surveying.



Secamone filiformis (L.f.) J.H.Ross

Common name: Narrow-leaved Secamone

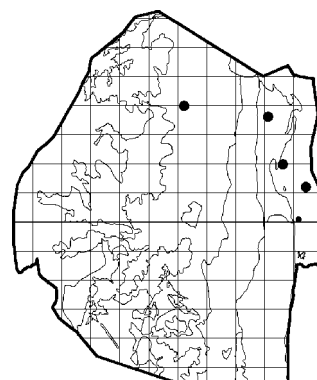
Distribution: Sparsely scattered in the east, with a patch on Nyogane Koppie in northern-central Swaziland.

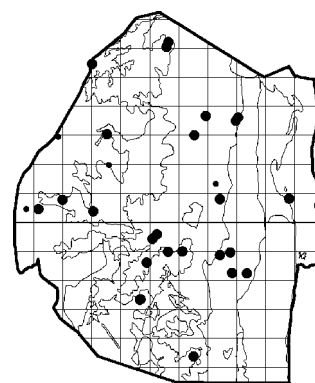
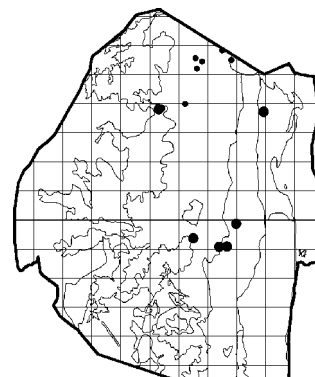
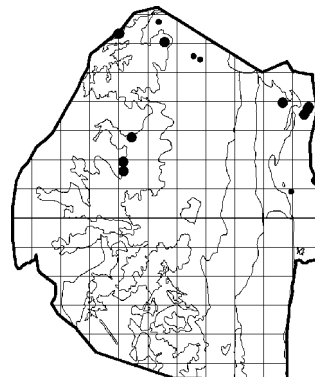
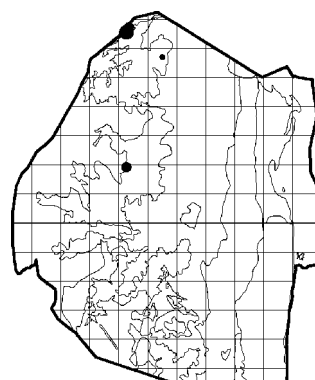
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Along dry forest margins and in bushveld.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*



Secamone gerrardii Harv. ex Benth.**Common name:** Gerrard's Secamone**Siswati name:** inSakansaka**Distribution:** Scattered throughout most of Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, evergreen forest, and wooded ravines.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used to treat stomach cramps.**Secamone parvifolia** (Oliv.) Bullock**Siswati name:** Milimili, Makhukhmetane**Distribution:** Scattered in northern and central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to rare.**Habitat:** Bushveld, woodland, and thicket.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used for umklwebo.**Tabernaemontana elegans** Stapf**Common name:** Toad tree**Siswati name:** Mkhahlu, Umkhamamasi, Umfoma-masi**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in eastern, northern, and central-western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest, riparian vegetation, and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The fruit is used to treat STDs, and the bark and fruit for vomiting and incisions.**Tabernaemontana ventricosa** Hochst. ex A.DC.**Common name:** Forest toad tree**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in the north, with an isolated patch on Mdzimba Mountains in central-western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Understorey in riparian and evergreen forest. Usually in dense shade.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

Wrightia natalensis Stapf

Common name: Saddle Pod

Siswati name: umBengende

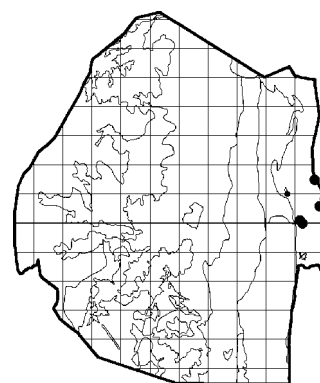
Distribution: Restricted to the Lebombo Range.

Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Lebombo forest and on rocky outcrops in dry bushveld.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: Least Concern.



AQUIFOLIACEAE

Ilex mitis (L.) Radlk.

Common name: Cape Holly

Siswati name: liBota, inChitsamuti

Voucher specimen(s): 159

Distribution: Fairly widespread in the west, with patches in south-central Swaziland.

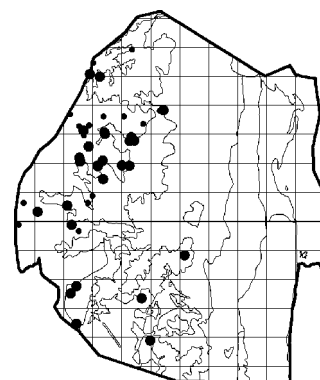
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Evergreen forest, usually along river banks and streams.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: The bark is used for medicinal purposes.



ARALIACEAE

Cussonia arenicola Strey

C. zuluensis var. *arenicola*

Common name: Sand Cabbage-tree

Voucher specimen(s): 659

Distribution: Isolated patches in Mtibhlati Gorge and near Shewula on the Lebombo Range.

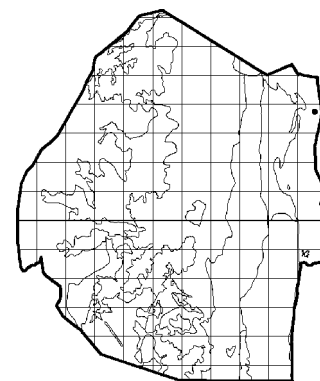
Abundance: Rare.

Habitat: Shady undergrowth in Lebombo ravine forest.

Land tenure: TDL and PA.

Conservation Status: *Data Deficient.*

General: It is a representative endemic/near-endemic to the Maputaland Centre of Plant Diversity (Van Wyk & Smith, 2001). Further verification of this finding is needed because it is possible that more taxa than presently described are lumped within the *Cussonia zuluensis-nicholsonii-arenicola* complex.



Cussonia natalensis Sond.

Common name: Rock Cabbage-tree

Siswati name: umSenge umbudzi, Imphikayiboni, Umsenge

Distribution: Sparsely scattered in central, northern, and eastern Swaziland.

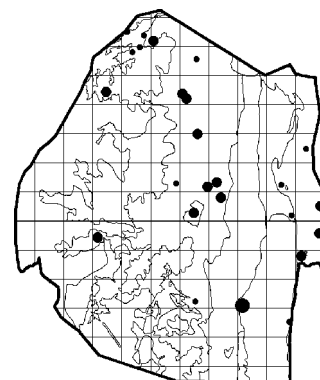
Abundance: Common.

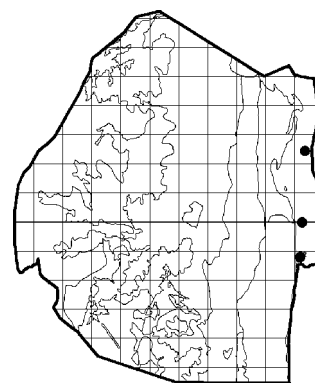
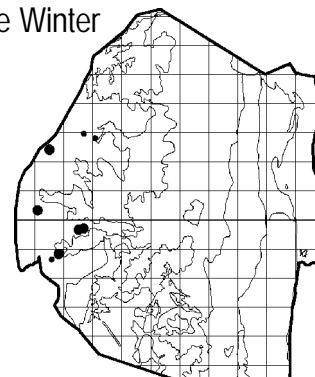
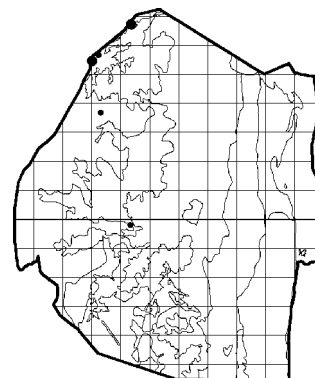
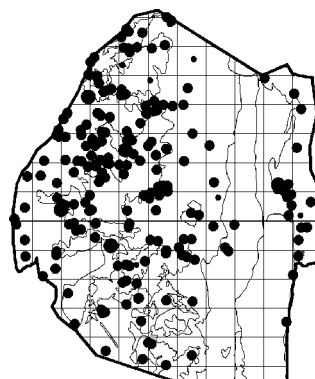
Habitat: Bushveld and wooded grassland. Often on rocky slopes.

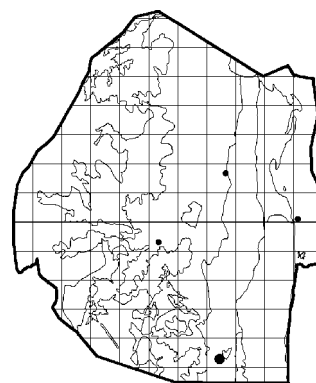
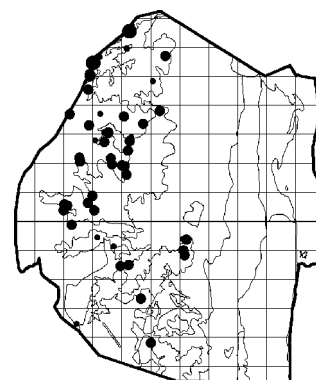
Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

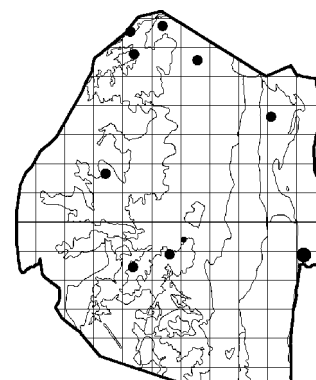
General: The bark, roots, and fruits are used during *inyanga* initiation and *sangoma* washing ceremonies. The bark is also used for bringing luck in law cases and during times of war.



Cussonia nicholsonii Strey**Common name:** South Coast Cabbage Tree, Wedge-fruited Cabbage Tree**Voucher specimen(s):** 990, 993, 999**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Lebombo forest.**Land tenure:** SNL and TDL.**Conservation Status:** *Data Deficient*.**General:** A near endemic (B3). Further verification of this finding is needed, as it is possible that more taxa than presently described are lumped within the *Cussonia zuluensis-nicholsonii-arenicola* complex.**Cussonia paniculata** Eckl. & Zeyh. subsp. **sinuata** (Reyneke & Kok) De Winter**Common name:** Mountain Cabbage Tree, Highveld Cabbage Tree**Siswati name:** umSenge**Distribution:** Scattered in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Rocky outcrops in high-altitude grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Cussonia sphaerocephala** Strey*C. chartaceae*, *C. spicata* var. *sphaerocephala***Common name:** Forest Cabbage Tree**Siswati name:** umSenge**Distribution:** Scattered in the northwest, with a patch near Gebeni in central-western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Rare to common.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The species is probably more widespread and needs further surveying.**Cussonia spicata** Thunb.*C. kraussii***Common name:** Cabbage Tree**Siswati name:** umSenge**Voucher specimen(s):** 1017**Distribution:** Widespread throughout most of Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Rocky outcrops in grassland, forest margins, mountain slopes, bushveld, and wooded grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The root and bark are used as an emetic. The roots and fruit are used for vomiting and inhaling.

Cussonia zuluensis Strey**Common name:** Zulu Cabbage Tree**Siswati name:** umSenge**Voucher specimen(s):** 957**Distribution:** Isolated patches in central and southern Swaziland and at Jilobi Forest in the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Rare to common.**Habitat:** Bushveld and forest.**Land tenure:** SNL and TDL.**Conservation Status:** *Data Deficient*. Should be considered for *Least Concern* status.**General:** A near endemic (B3). Further verification of this finding is needed because it is possible that more taxa than presently described is lumped within the *Cussonia zuluensis-nicholsonii-arenicola* complex.**Schefflera umbellifera** (Sond.) Baill.*Cussonia umbellifera*, *C. chartacea***Common name:** False Cabbage Tree**Distribution:** Scattered in western and central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along the margins of and in evergreen forest.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

ASTERACEAE

Baccharoides adoensis (Sch.Bip. ex Walp.) H.Rob. var. **kotschyana** (Sch.Bip. ex Walp.) Isawumi, El-Ghazaly & B.Nord.*Vernonia adoensis* var. *kotschyana*, *V. woodii***Siswati name:** liNyatsela lincani, liNyatselo, Mphepho**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in central, northern, and eastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld and wooded grassland. Often near rivers and streams.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used as a purgative.**Brachylaena discolor** DC.**Common name:** Coastal Silver Oak**Siswati name:** umPhahla, Umphahlo**Voucher specimen(s):** 488**Distribution:** Scattered on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** In and along the margins of Lebombo forest, often on rocky ridges.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.